UOS File Operations

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UOS File Operations

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Preface

Preface

Intended Audience

This manual is intended for application developers writing software to access files on UOS.

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Introduction

Introduction

File I/O on UOS is done through system services, such as OPEN, CLOSE, READ, ERASE, etc. A OPEN or CREATE operation creates an 64-bit integer context called a "handle". This handle is then used as a channel of access to the file or device. Each handle has its own position context, access mode, lock context, and error state - even if there are multiple handles associated with the same physical file.

On file systems that support multiple streams per file, such as the UOS native file system, a handle is associated with a specific file stream. For files on file systems without this support, the stream specification is ignored.

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Control Blocks

Control Blocks

Various structures, collectively called "control blocks", are used for file operations. These blocks are described in detail in the following sections.

There are two types of blocks: Record Access Blocks (RABs) for data I/O, and File Access Blocks (FABs) for other operations.

File Access Blocks contain links to other blocks, such as the NAML (name) block, and extended attribute blocks (XAB, pronounced "zab"). There are several types of XABs, each for a specific set of data. XAB blocks can be chained together and each type of XAB is described in the following sections.

Each control block has an ID that indicates what kind of block it is, and a length that indicates the size of

the block. These values must be set properly or the system services that use them will ignore them or return errors.

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File Access Block (FAB)

File Access Block (FAB)

The FAB defines the basic information about a file and contains links to other control blocks. The contents of the FAB, in order in memory are:

| Field | Size, | Description |
|-------------------|-------------|---|
| | in bytes | |
| FAB_B_BID | 1 | Block identifier. Must be FAB_C_BID |
| FAB_B_BLN | 1 | FAB block byte length. Must be FAB_C_BLN. |
| FAB_B_ACMODE S | 1 | File access modes |
| FAB_L_ALQ | 4 | RMS Allocation quantity (blocks), rounded up to clustersize |
| FAB_B_BKS | 1 | RMS Bucket size |
| FAB_W_BLS | 4 | Magnetic tape block size |
| FAB_L_CTX | 4 | Context |
| FAB_W_DEQ | 2 | Default RMS file extension quantity in blocks |
| FAB_L_DEV | 4 | Device characteristics |
| FAB_L_DNA | 8 | Default file specification string address |
| FAB_B_DNS | 2 | Default file specification string size |
| FAB_B_FAC | 1 | File access control (ignored on open) |
| FAB_L_FNA | 8 | File specification string address. If -1, the associated name block (NAML) NAML_L_LONG_FILENAME field points to the file specification string. |
| FAB_B_FNS | 2 | File specification string size. If FAB_L_FNA is -1, the associated name block (NAML) NAML_L_LONG_FILENAME_SIZE field contains the file specification string length. |
| FAB_L_FOP | 4 | File-processing options: One of the following options must be chosen. Flag Description FAB_V_GET Read from file. FAB_V_PUT Allow PUT in RMS files. Read/write from binary files. FAB_V_TRN Allow file truncation. FAB_V_UPD Allow UPDATE in RMS files. Read/write from binary files. FAB_V_DEL Allow DELETE in RMS files. Read/write from binary files. Zero or more of the following options may be included. Flag Description FAB_V_CIF Create file if it doesn't exist |
| FAB_B_FSZ | 1 | Number of bytes in the RMS fixed-length control field of a VFC record. |
| FAB_W_GBC | 2 | Global buffer count |
| FAB_W_IFI | 8 | Internal file ID (file-system dependent) |
| FAB_B_JOURNAL | 1 | Journal flags status |
| FAB_L_MRN | 4 | Maximum record number for relative files |

| FAB_W_MRS | 2 | Maximum record size: Defines the maximum record size for all records in the file. Maximum record size refers to the size of all records in a file with fixed-length records, the size of the largest record with variable-length records, or the size of the variable-length portion of VFC records. A value of 0 with variable-length records means that there is no limit on the record size, except for magnetic tape files, for which a value of 0 sets an effective maximum record size equal to the block size minus 4. |
|--------------|---|---|
| FAB_L_NAM | 8 | Name block (NAML) address |
| FAB_B_ORG | 1 | File organization (0 = binary, other = RMS format) |
| FAB_B_RAT | 1 | RMS Record attributes |
| FAB_B_RFM | 1 | RMS Record format |
| FAB_B_RTV | 1 | Retrieval window size |
| FAB_L_SDC | 4 | Secondary device characteristics |
| FAB_B_SHR | 1 | File sharing |
| FAB_L_STS | 4 | Completion status code |
| FAB_L_STV | 4 | Status values |
| FAB_L_XAB | 8 | Extended attribute block address |
| FAB_Q_HANDLE | 8 | Handle for opened file |

FAB_B_BID Field

The block identifier (BID) field identifies a control block as a FAB. Once set, this field should not be altered until the FAB is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value FAB_C_BID.

FAB_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the FAB. Once set, this field should not be altered until the FAB is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value FAB_C_BLN.

FAB_L_NAM Field

The name block field specifies the address of a name (NAML) block used to invoke a file service, such as an Open or Create. The NAML block is required only in conjunction with services that need to process file specifications. But it can also be used with other services - typically to obtain a file specification string after logical name translation is completed and defaults are applied. A value of 0 indicates no NAML block.

FAB_L_STS Field

The completion status code (STS) field is set with success or failure codes upon return from various file services.

FAB_L_XAB Field

The extended attribute block address (XAB) field specifies the address of a XAB (which may chain to other XABs). A value of 0 indicates no XAB(s) for the file.

For some operations, such as CREATE, you must associate extended attribute blocks with a FAB to convey additional attributes about a file. Other services will write data about the file to those blocks.

FAB_Q_HANDLE Field

The handle associated with an open file. This is written upon OPEN or CREATE, and should not be modified until after the file is closed.

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Name Block (NAML)

Name Block (NAML)

The name (NAML) block provides fields for extended file specifications, including parsing and obtaining the

| actual file specification. | The contents of the NAML block, in the memory order are as follows: |
|----------------------------|---|
|----------------------------|---|

| NAML B BID | in butoo | |
|-------------------------------|-------------|---|
| NAMI B BID | | |
| | bytes | Block identifier |
| | 1 | |
| NAML_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| NAML_B_NOP | 1 | Operation flags |
| NAML_W_FID | 8 | File-system specific file ID |
| NAML_L_FNB | 8 | File name status bits |
| NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME | 8 | File system name buffer address. |
| NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME_ALL OC | 4 | File system name buffer allocated size, in bytes |
| NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME_SIZ E | 4 | File system name length, in bytes |
| NAML_L_INPUT_FLAGS | 4 | Additional flags specified as input |
| NAML_L_LONG_DEFNAME | 8 | Default file specification string address specified as input (used if FAB\$L_DNA contains -1) |
| NAML_L_LONG_DEFNAME_SI ZE | 4 | Default file specification string size specified as input |
| NAML_L_LONG_DEV | 8 | Device string address |
| NAML_L_LONG_DEV_SIZE | 4 | Device string length |
| NAML_L_LONG_DIR | 8 | Path string address |
| NAML_L_LONG_DIR_SIZE | 4 | Path string length |
| NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND | 8 | Expanded string area address |
| NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND_ALL OC | 4 | Expanded string area size |
| NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND_SIZE | 4 | Expanded string length |
| NAML_L_LONG_FILENAME | 8 | Specification string address |
| NAML_L_LONG_FILENAME_SI ZE | 4 | Specification string size |
| NAML_L_LONG_NAME | 8 | File name string address |
| NAML_L_LONG_NAME_SIZE | 4 | File name string length |
| NAML_L_LONG_NODE | 8 | Node name string address |
| NAML_L_LONG_NODE_SIZE | 4 | Node name string length |
| NAML_L_LONG_RESULT | 8 | Resultant string area address |
| NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_ALLO C | 4 | Resultant string area size |
| NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_SIZE | 4 | Resultant string length |
| NAML_L_LONG_TYPE | 4 | File type string length |
| NAML_L_LONG_TYPE_SIZE | 8 | File type string address |
| NAML_L_LONG_VER | 8 | File version string address |
| NAML_L_LONG_VER_SIZE | 4 | File version string length |
| NAML_L_OUTPUT_FLAGS | 4 | Additional status bits passed as output |
| NAML_Q_USER_CONTEXT | 8 | User context |

The name block is required for certain operations, such as OPEN and CREATE. Depending on the call, the application may need to allocate space to receive result strings.

NAML_B_BID Field

The block identifier (BID) field identifies this control block as a name block. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value NAML_C_BID.

NAML_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the NAML block, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value NAM_C_BLN.

NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME Field

The address of a buffer to receive the fully-qualified file specification.

NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME_ALLOC Field

The size of the buffer whose address is contained in the NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME field.

NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME_SIZE Field

Indicate the length, in bytes, of the name string returned in NAML_L_FILESYS_NAME.

NAML_L_LONG_DEFNAME Field

This field replaces the FAB_L_DNA field in the FAB.

NAML_L_LONG_DEFNAME_SIZE Field

This field replaces FAB_B_DNS field in the FAB.

NAML_L_LONG_DEV Field

Points to the start of the device name within the complete file specification in the buffer.

NAML_L_LONG_DEV_SIZE Field

The length, in bytes, of the device name pointed to by NAML_L_LONG_DEV, including the ":".

NAML_L_LONG_DIR Field

Points to the directory specification within the complete file specification in the buffer.

NAML_L_LONG_DIR_SIZE Field

The length, in bytes, of the directory pointed to by NAML_L_LONG_DIR, including the \ delimiters.

NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND Field

The address of a buffer in the application program to receive the file specification string resulting from the translation of logical names and the defaulting of the file specification. You must specify this field for processing wildcards.

NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND_ALLOC Field

Contains the size of the buffer whose address is contained in the NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND field.

NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND_SIZE Field

Contains the length, in bytes, of the file specification string returned in the buffer whose address is in NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND.

NAML_L_LONG_FILENAME Field

Address of a buffer containing the filename. If FAB_L_FNA contains -1 and FAB_B_FNS contains 0, this field is used in place of FAB_L_FNA.

NAML_L_LONG_FILENAME_SIZE Field

Contains the length of the filename in the buffer specified by NAML_L_LONG_GILENAME. If FAB_L_FNA contains -1 and FAB_B_FNS contains 0, this field is used in place of FAB_L_FNS.

NAML_L_LONG_NAME Field

If NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_SIZE is 0, this field points into the buffer specified by

NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND. Otherwise, it points into the buffer specified by NAML_L_LONG_RESULT. The pointer points to the start of the file name within the complete file specification in the buffer.

NAML_L_LONG_NAME_SIZE Field

The length, in bytes, of the file name pointed to by NAML_L_LONG_NAME, up to but not including the type field or the period separating the name from the type - or up to the version if no type is specified.

NAML_L_LONG_NODE Field

If NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_SIZE is 0, this field points into the buffer specified by NAML\$L_LONG_EXPAND. Otherwise, it points into the buffer specified by NAML\$L_LONG_RESULT. The pointer points to the start of the node name within the complete file specification.

NAML_L_LONG_NODE_SIZE Field

The length, in bytes, of the node name pointed to by NAML_L_LONG_NODE, including the :: delimiter.

NAML_L_LONG_RESULT Field

Contains the address of a buffer in the application to receive the resulting file specification string. The NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_ALLOC field must also be specified in order to obtain a file specification. The file specification includes resolution of logical name and defaulting.

NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_ALLOC Field

Size of the buffer, in bytes, whose address is contained in the NAML_L_LONG_RESULT field.

NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_SIZE Field

The resulting string length, in bytes, of the file specification string returned in the buffer whose address is in the NAML_L_LONG_RESULT field.

NAML_L_LONG_TYPE Field

If NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_SIZE is 0, this field points into the buffer specified by NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND. Otherwise, it points into the buffer specified by NAML_L_LONG_RESULT. The pointer points to the start of the file type, including the dot separating it from the name, within the file specification in the buffer.

NAML_L_LONG_TYPE_SIZE Field

The length, in bytes, of the file type pointed to by NAML_L_LONG_TYPE.

NAML_L_LONG_VER Field

the buffer.

If NAML_L_LONG_RESULT_SIZE is 0, this field points into the buffer specified by NAML_L_LONG_EXPAND. Otherwise, it points into the buffer specified by NAML_L_LONG_RESULT. The pointer points to the start of the file version, including the semicolon delimiter, within the file specification in

NAML L LONG VER SIZE Field

The length, in bytes, of the file version pointed to by NAML_L_LONG_VER.

NAML_Q_USER_CONTEXT

This field is reserved for the user. UOS doesn't modify this value.

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Allocation Control XAB (XABALL)

Allocation Control XAB (XABALL)

The allocation control block provides additional control over file or space allocation on stores in order to optimize performance.

| Field | Size, | Description |
|-------|-------|-------------|
| | | |

| | in bytes | |
|---------------|-------------|--------------------------------------|
| XAB_B_COD | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_ALL) |
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_B_AID | 1 | Area identification number |
| XAB_B_ALN | 1 | Alignment boundary type |
| XAB_L_ALQ | 4 | Allocation quantity |
| XAB_B_AOP | 1 | Allocation options |
| XAB_B_BKZ | 1 | Bucket size |
| XAB_W_DE Q | 2 | Default extension quantity |
| XAB_L_LOC | 4 | Location |
| XAB_W_RFI | 8 | Related file identifier or FILE_NAME |
| XAB_W_VO L | 2 | Related volume number |

XAB_B_BLN

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABALL, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_ALLEN.

XAB_B_COD

The type code (COD) field identifies this control block as a XABALL. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_ALL.

XAB_L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field specifies the address of the next XAB in the XAB chain. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

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Date and Time XAB (XABDAT)

Date and Time XAB (XABDAT)

The date and time XAB (XABDAT) provides control of date and time attributes of file.

| Field | Size, | Description |
|-----------|-------|-------------------------------|
| | in | |
| | bytes | |
| XAB_B_COD | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_DAT) |
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_Q_ACC | 8 | Last access date and time |
| XAB_Q_BDT | 8 | Backup date and time |
| XAB_Q_CDT | 8 | Creation date and time |
| XAB_Q_EDT | 8 | Expiration date and time |
| XAB_Q_RDT | 8 | Revision date and time |
| XAB_W_RV | 2 | Revision number |
| Ν | | |

XAB_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABDAT in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_DATLEN.

XAB_B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field identifies this control block as a XABDAT. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_DAT.

XAB_L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field contains the address of the next XAB to be used. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

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File Header XAB (XABFHC)

File Header XAB (XABFHC)

The file header XAB (XABFHC) contains the header information for the file.

| Field | Size, in bytes | Description |
|--------------------|-------------------|---|
| XAB_B_COD | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_FHC) |
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_B_ATR | 1 | Record attributes; equivalent to FAB_B_RAT |
| XAB_B_BKS | 1 | Bucket size; equivalent to FAB_B_BKS |
| XAB_W_DXQ | 2 | Default file extension quantity; equivalent to FAB_W_DEQ |
| XAB_Q_EOF | 8 | End-of-file (logical file length) |
| XAB_W_GBC | 2 | Default global buffer count |
| XAB_L_HBK | 8 | Highest virtual block in the file; equivalent to FAB_L_ALQ |
| XAB_B_HSZ | 1 | Fixed-length control header size; equivalent to FAB_B_FSZ |
| XAB_W_LRL | 2 | Longest RMS record length in file |
| XAB_W_MRS | 2 | Maximum record size; equivalent to FAB_W_MRS |
| XAB_B_RFO | 1 | File organization and record format; combines FAB_B_RFM and FAB_B_ORG |
| XAB_L_SBN | 8 | Starting logical block number for the file if it is contiguous; otherwise this field is 0 |
| XAB_W_VERLIM IT | 2 | Version limit for the file |
| XAB_Q_SIZ | 8 | Size on disk |
| XAB_Q_USZ | 8 | Uncompressed size |
| XAB_L_CLS | 4 | Clustersize |
| XAB_L_CRE | 4 | Creator UIC |
| XAB_W_FLG | 2 | Flags (not including protection codes) |

XAB_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABFHC, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value

XAB_C_FHCLEN.

XAB_B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field identifies this control block as a XABFHC. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_FHC.

XAB_L_CLS Field

The clustersize (CLS) field defines the cluster size for the file, in bytes.

XAB_L_CRE Field

The creator (CRE) field defines the UIC of the user that created the file.

XAB_Q_EOF Field

The end-of-file (EOF) field defines the logical length of the file, in bytes.

XAB_Q_SIZ Field

The size (SIZ) field defines the physical length of the file, in bytes.

XAB_Q_USZ Field

The uncompressed size (USZ) field defines how large the file would be if uncompressed.

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Item List XAB (XABITM)

Item List XAB (XABITM)

The item list XAB (XABITM) provides additional information for file operations. Each XAB item block points to an item list that includes one or more entries representing either a set or sense function.

| | Size, in bytes | Description |
|--------------------|----------------------|---|
| XAB_B_COD | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_ITM) |
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_L_ITEMLIS T | 8 | Address of item list |
| XAB_M_MODE | 1 | Mode (XAB_K_SENSEMODE or XAB_K_SETMODE) |

XAB\$B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABITM, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_ITMLEN.

XAB\$B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field is a static field that identifies this control block as a XABITM. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_ITM.

XAB\$L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field contains the address of the next XAB to be used. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

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Key Definition XAB (XABKEY)

Key Definition XAB (XABKEY)

The Key Definition XAB (XABKEY) control block defines a key.

| | Type code (must be XAB_C_KEY) Block length |
|---|--|
| | |
| | |
| | BIOCK length |
| ; | |
| | Next XAB address |
| | Collating sequence name |
| | Collating sequence table size |
| | Collating sequence table address |
| | Data bucket area number |
| | Data bucket size |
| | Data bucket fill size |
| | Data type of the key |
| ĺ | First data bucket virtual block number |
| ĺ | Key options flag |
| ĺ | Index bucket area number |
| | Index bucket size |
| | Index bucket file size |
| | Key name buffer address |
| | Lowest level of index area number |
| | Level of root bucket |
| | Minimum record length |
| | Number of key segments |
| | Null key value |
| ĺ | Key position |
| i | Key position |
| | Key position |
| i | Key position |
| | Key position |
| i | Key position |
| | Key position |
| | Key position |
| | Prolog level |
| | Key of reference |
| | Root bucket virtual block number |
| ; | Key size |
| | |

| XAB_B_SIZ4 | 1 | Key size |
|------------|---|----------------------|
| XAB_B_SIZ5 | 1 | Key size |
| XAB_B_SIZ6 | 1 | Key size |
| XAB_B_SIZ7 | 1 | Key size |
| XAB_B_TKS | 1 | Total key field size |

XAB_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABKEY block, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. The XAB_B_BLN field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_KEYLEN.

XAB_B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field identifies this control block as a XABKEY. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. The XAB_B_COD field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_KEY.

XAB_L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field specifies the address of the next XAB in the XAB chain. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

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Protection XAB (XABPRO)

Protection XAB (XABPRO)

The protection XAB (XABPRO) specifies ownership and protections for a file.

| Field | Size, in bytes | Description |
|--------------------|----------------------|--|
| XAB_B_COD | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_PRO) |
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_L_ACLBUF | 8 | Address of buffer that contains ACL |
| XAB_L_ACLCTX | 4 | ACL positioning context |
| XAB_W_ACLLEN | 8 | Receives the length of an ACL during an Open or Display service |
| XAB_W_ACLSIZ | 8 | Length of buffer containing binary ACEs |
| XAB_L_ACLSTS | 4 | System error status for ACL processing |
| XAB_B_MTACC | 1 | Magnetic tape accessibility |
| XAB_W_PRO | 2 | File protection; contains four separate fields denoting protection for system, owner, group, and world |
| XAB_B_PROT_OP T | 1 | File protection options |
| XAB_L_UIC | 4 | User identification code |

XAB_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABPRO, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_PROLEN.

XAB_B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field identifies this as a XABPRO. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_PRO.

XAB_L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field specifies the address of the next XAB in the XAB chain. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

XAB_W_PRO Field

The protection (PRO) field specifies the file's protection. There are four classes of users: System, Owner, Group, and World. This field consists of four 4-bit subfields, each of which specifies file access for one of the four user classes. The following flags define the protection codes.

Code Meaning PROTECTION OWNER READ The owner can read from the file. PROTECTION_OWNER_WRITE The owner can write to the file. PROTECTION_OWNER_DELET The owner can delete the file or change it's protection code. E PROTECTION OWNER EXECU The owner can execute the file. TF PROTECTION_GROUP_READ Users belonging to the file's group can read from the file. PROTECTION GROUP WRITE Users belonging to the file's group can write to the file. PROTECTION_GROUP_DELETE Users belonging to the file's group can delete the file or change it's protection code. PROTECTION GROUP EXECUT Users belonging to the file's group can execute the file. Е PROTECTION SYSTEM READ System users or those with the SYSPRV privilege can read from the file. PROTECTION SYSTEM WRITE System users or those with the SYSPRV privilege can write to the file. PROTECTION SYSTEM DELET System users or those with the SYSPRV privilege can delete the file or change it's protection code. F PROTECTION SYSTEM EXECU System users or those with the SYSPRV privilege can execute the file. TE PROTECTION WORLD_READ Anyone can read from the file. PROTECTION WORLD WRITE Anyone can write to the file. PROTECTION WORLD DELET Anyone can delete the file or change it's protection code. Е PROTECTION WORLD EXECU Anyone can execute the file. TF

XAB_L_UIC

The UIC of the user who is the current owner of the file.

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Revision Date/Time XAB (XABRDT)

Revision Date/Time XAB (XABRDT)

The revision date/time XAB (XABRDT) provides revision date/time for when the file is closed. This requires Control access to the file. If specified, this overrides the default revision timestamps that UOS normally applies to a file when it is closed.

| Field | Size, | Description | |
|-------|-------|-------------|--|
| | in | | |
| | bytes | | |

| XAB_B_CO D | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_RDT) |
|---------------|---|-------------------------------|
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_Q_RDT | 8 | Revision timestamp |
| XAB_W_RV N | 2 | Revision number |

XAB\$B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABRDT, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_RDTLEN.

XAB\$B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field is a static field that identifies this control block as a XABRDT. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_RDT.

XAB\$L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field contains the symbolic address of the next XAB to be used. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

XAB\$Q_RDT Field

The revision date/time (RDT) field contains a 64-bit internal UOS timestamp value expressing the date and time when the file was last opened for modifications.

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Summary XAB (XABSUM)

Summary XAB (XABSUM)

The summary XAB (XABSUM) defines the total number of keys and areas defined for RMS files.

| Field | Size, in bytes | Description |
|---------------|----------------------|---|
| XAB_B_CO D | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_SUM) |
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_B_NO A | 1 | Number of allocation areas defined for the file |
| XAB_B_NO K | 1 | Numbers of keys defined for the file |
| XAB_W_PV N | 2 | Prolog version number |

XAB_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABSUM, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_SUM.

XAB_B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field identifies this control block as a XABSUM. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_SUM.

XAB_L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field contains the address of the next XAB. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

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Terminal XAB (XABTRM)

Terminal XAB (XABTRM)

The terminal XAB (XABTRM) provides for extended terminal read operations to occur when a read service is used for a terminal device. Instead of being associated with a FAB, this control block is associated with a RAB.

| Field | Size, in | Description |
|-----------------|-------------|-------------------------------|
| | bytes | |
| XAB_B_COD | 1 | Type code (must be XAB_C_TRM) |
| XAB_B_BLN | 1 | Block length |
| XAB_L_NXT | 8 | Next XAB address |
| XAB_L_ITMLST | 8 | Item list address |
| XAB_W_ITMLST_LE | 2 | Item list length |
| Ν | | |

XAB_B_BLN Field

The block length (BLN) field defines the length of the XABTRM, in bytes. Once set, this field must not be altered until the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_TRMLEN.

XAB_B_COD Field

The type code (COD) field identifies this control block as a XABTRM. Once set, this field must not be altered unless the control block is no longer needed. This field must be set to the symbolic value XAB_C_TRM.

XAB_L_NXT Field

The next XAB address (NXT) field contains the address of the next XAB to be used. A value of 0 indicates that the current XAB is the last, or only, XAB in the chain.

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Record Access Block (RAB)

Record Access Block (RAB)

The Record Access Block (RAB) allows applications to specify RMS records to access and identify record characteristics.

| Field | Size, | Description |
|-------|-------|-------------|
| | in | |
| | bytes | |

| RAB_Size | 2 | Size of RAB structure, in bytes |
|----------------|---|--|
| RAB_L_BKT | 8 | Bucket to read (for RMS) or byte offset in file |
| RAB_W_ISI | 8 | File handle |
| RAB_L_KBF | 8 | Key buffer address (used as input only with random access by relative record number mode) |
| RAB_B_KSZ | 1 | Key size (used only if RAB_B_RAC is KEY and the file is a relative file) |
| RAB_B_RAC | 1 | Record access mode (Binary, SEQ, KEY) |
| RAB_Q_RBF | 8 | Record buffer address |
| RAB_L_RHB | 8 | Record header buffer (for variable with fixed control records only) |
| RAB_W_RSZ | 4 | Record/Prompt size |
| RAB_L_ROP | 4 | Record-processing options |
| RAB_B_TMO | 1 | Timeout period: a value of 0 indicates that RMS should not wait to complete a Put service (for mailbox devices only) |
| RAB_L_UBF | 8 | User user buffer address. |
| RAB_W_USZ | 4 | Size of user buffer |
| RAB_AST_Err | 8 | Asynchronous failure handler |
| RAB_AST_Succe | 8 | Asynchronous successful completion handler |
| ss | | |
| RAB_Data_Strea | 8 | Data stream in file |
| m | | |
| RAB_L_FAB | 8 | Address of FAB for the file |
| RAB_L_XAB | 8 | Address of first XAB for the file. |

RAB_L_FAB

Address of the FAB for the file. This is not necessary if the file handle is provided and can be set to 0 in such case.

RAB_L_XAB

Address of the first XAB for this RAB. If 0, there are no XABs associated with the RAB.

RAB_W_ISI Field The file handle associated with the file.

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